**Thesis Statement:**

In an effort to prevent unwanted teenage pregnancies, high schools should be legally permitted to distribute contraceptives to interested teenagers without parental permission.

**An Annotated Bibliography Entry in MLA Format**

Center for Reproductive Rights. "Contraceptives Should Be Available to Teens Without Parental Consent." *Teens and Privacy*. Ed. Noël Merino. Detroit: Greenhaven Press, 2011. *Gale Opposing Viewpoints In Context*. Web. 26 Apr. 2012.

This article summarizes current proposals that would require teenagers to notify their parents or secure parental consent before seeking contraception from clinics, purchasing contraception from stores, and/or seeking emergency contraception because of forced or unplanned intercourse. It also mentions two federal family planning programs that require confidentiality for adolescents. Furthermore, the article addresses why teenagers need access to contraceptive services and how minors have a legal right to privacy. As indicated by the title, it is clear that this article is biased in nature; the point is to persuade readers that teens should not need parental consent in order to secure contraception. However, the inclusion of Supreme Court cases, the inclusion of statistics, and the reference to specific federal programs lend weight to the presented argument. Although this source does not directly address the concept of schools distributing contraceptives, I can use many of the points and statistics that are included when I discuss the need for teens to have access to contraception. I can also use the information about federal programs that require confidentiality and court cases when I discuss why teenagers should have the right to acquire contraception without their parents’ permission.